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ESTABLISHED 1867

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No. 20,112 號二十一一百零二第 日八十月十年戌壬 HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6TH, 1922. 三拜禮 號六月二十年一十國民華中 PRICE, \$3 PER MONTH

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7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. every 15 minutes
8.00 " " 10.00 " " 10 " "
10.00 " " 11.00 " " 15 " "
11.30 " " 12.30 p.m. " 15 " "
12.30 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. " 10 " "
2.30 " " 4.00 " " 15 " "
4.00 " " 8.10 " " 10 " "

NIGHT CARS.
8.50 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. every 15 minutes
9.30 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. every 30 minutes
11.15 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every 15 minutes

SATURDAY.
Extra Car—12 midnight.

SUNDAY.
7.00 a.m. to 7.10 a.m.
7.30 a.m. to 9.30 a.m. every 15 minutes
9.30 " " 11.00 " " 10 " "
11.15 " " 12.00 noon " 15 " "
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m. " 15 " "
1.00 p.m. to 4.00 " " 15 " "
4.00 " " 8.10 " " 10 " "

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9.30 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. every 30 minutes
11.15 p.m.

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TIME-TABLE.

On and after FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 15TH, 1922, until further Notice.
(All previous Time Tables cancelled.)

DOWN TRAINS

Stations	Dep.	No. 1		No. 2		No. 3		No. 4		No. 5		No. 6		No. 7		No. 8		No. 9		No. 10		No. 11		No. 12		No. 13		No. 14		No. 15		No. 16		No. 17		No. 18		No. 19		No. 20		No. 21		No. 22		No. 23		No. 24		No. 25		No. 26		No. 27		No. 28		No. 29		No. 30		No. 31		No. 32		No. 33		No. 34		No. 35		No. 36		No. 37		No. 38		No. 39		No. 40		No. 41		No. 42		No. 43		No. 44		No. 45		No. 46		No. 47		No. 48		No. 49		No. 50		No. 51		No. 52		No. 53		No. 54		No. 55		No. 56		No. 57		No. 58		No. 59		No. 60		No. 61		No. 62		No. 63		No. 64		No. 65		No. 66		No. 67		No. 68		No. 69		No. 70		No. 71		No. 72		No. 73		No. 74		No. 75		No. 76		No. 77		No. 78		No. 79		No. 80		No. 81		No. 82		No. 83		No. 84		No. 85		No. 86		No. 87		No. 88		No. 89		No. 90		No. 91		No. 92		No. 93		No. 94		No. 95		No. 96		No. 97		No. 98		No. 99		No. 100																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																		
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THE "SUI AN" PIRACY COMMISSION.

SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

EVIDENCE BY CHIEF ENGINEER, POLICE INSPECTOR KENT AND INDIAN GUARDS

The second sitting of the Commission appointed to inquire into the piracy on the Hongkong, Canton and Macao Steamboat Co.'s s.s. *Sui An*, on November 19th, and to consider whether the existing precautions against piracy are adequate and efficient, was held in the Legislative Council Chamber yesterday afternoon.

The Chairman (Mr. J. B. Wood) presided, and the other Commissioners present were: The Hon. Mr. O. McI. Messer, Capt. Lake and Mr. H. P. White.

Mr. W. E. L. Shenton appeared for the Hongkong, Canton and Macao Steamboat Company, Mr. E. Davidson, under the instructions of the Marine Officers' Guild, for the officers of the *Sui An*, Mr. H. K. Hung for the Comprode, and Mr. H. Lyson for Mr. Hawthorne and Mr. Mrs. and Miss Pearson.

EVIDENCE OF THE CHIEF ENGINEER.

The first witness called was—

Mr. William Stewart Cullen, Chief Engineer of the *Sui An*. He said he was in his cabin, reading, when passengers came to him and said shots were being fired. He had not heard them himself, owing to the position of his cabin, he supposed. "I thought," the witness added, "that it was the usual case of a sudden alarm." As soon as he stepped out of his cabin there were six armed men around him. He had taken a small revolver out of his desk but he did not use it. One pirate fired at his head and the shot went along his cheek and glanced off his temple. Another pirate fired at his legs. He went down the saloon companion-way to the engine room. The pirates at that time were all on the top deck or down below for he only saw the Comprode on the second-class deck and all the passengers had apparently been sent below. He went as far as the purser's room; the grill was shut there. Making his way to the engine room he saw no pirates but as soon as he entered the engine room the pirates fired at him through the skylight and ordered him, in English, to come up on to the top deck. He went up the engine room ladder and an armed man brought him to the wheel-house and told him to stop there. He was kept a prisoner, under guard, until the morning.

The Hon. Mr. Messer: Have you ever read the Piracy Regulations?—Never seen them, nor read them.

Have you had any instructions with regard to piracy?—No, I have never had any instructions.

You had no organisation that you were aware of?—Except the watchmen on board the ship.

But the officers?—No, we have never had any organisation all my time. The masters have never spoken to me about what to do in the event of emergency.

How long have you been on the ship?—Since last March, but 15½ years in the Company.

Does the Company issue from the office any instructions to the ship at all—to the master and engineer?—The master always gets any instructions from the office as he is head of the ship.

PIRACY REGULATIONS REGARDING THE ENGINE ROOM.

Have you any idea that the Piracy Regulations contemplate locking up the doors and windows of the engine room when the ship is in dangerous waters?—No, we have never had them locked, on considerations of temperature and their being the only means of entrance and exit. Otherwise, the men would have to go through the saloon, and firemen are a pretty disreputable crowd in summer when they are sweating and working hard.

In reply to Capt. Lake, the witness said they could see the lights of Hongkong in the distance during the night. They passed to the southward of Waglan. As it was a dark night and he was not a navigator he could not say if they passed near enough to Waglan for the light-house-keepers to see them. He thought it would be practically impossible for the light-house-keepers to see the *Sui An* as she was painted a slate grey colour.

In reply to Mr. Shenton the witness said that if the engine room doors were all bolted the heat, especially in summer, would be very trying—almost unbearable.

Mr. Shenton: Is your engine room ever searched by the police?—Not in my time. I have seen revenue officers there.

The Chairman: Is there anything in the Regulations about the police searching the engine room?

Mr. Shenton: I suppose, if you are searching for arms, you search the whole ship.

The Chairman: But there is nothing in the Regulations.

Mr. Shenton replied in the negative.

In reply to Mr. Davidson, the witness said that anyone on the upper deck could cover with a revolver, the officer on duty at the starting platform.

Mr. Davidson: So once the guards in the second class are shot there is nothing to prevent the second-class passengers from surrounding the skylight?

Witness: No, and that is what the pirates were doing. They fired at me as soon as I entered.

Have you ever anticipated piracy since you have been on the *Sui An*?—No, it seems incredible that such a thing should happen on a ship carrying so many Europeans and having an armed guard. I thought it would be the last ship the pirates would have thought of tackling.

Do you think, having regard to the structure of the *Sui An*, that it would be possible to have any mechanical defences that would be adequate?—I do not think so, against such a crowd of rascals as we had on that Sunday night. It would have required a small army to have defended the ship.

You don't think it would be possible for anybody to think out any scheme of mechanical defences that would prevent such an attack?—The ship would have to be practically rebuilt.

THE CHINESE QUARTER MASTER.

The Chinese Second Quarter Master of the *Sui An*, then gave evidence. He escaped from the wheelhouse when the pirates first took possession but was afterwards searched out and made to steer the vessel for several hours. Questioned by Capt. Lake, he said he did not think any of the "five" or six pirates who gave him orders had any knowledge of navigation. They directed him by pointing their hands and appeared to require a zig-zag course. They mentioned no places by name in relation to which they wished him to steer. "Between 12 midnight and one a.m. he thought he saw a lighthouse light flashing. He did not see lights of Cheung Chau at any time and only very distant lights of Hongkong. After 1 a.m. he remembered sighting a bonfire some distance away."

THE MYSTERIOUS WOMAN PASSENGER.

Inspector Walter Kent, of the Hongkong Police, giving evidence, said that when he went on board the *Sui An* with his family at Hongkong at 2.30 a.m., he noticed a Chinese woman sitting down on the starboard side. "She was very well dressed, and something out of the ordinary. She was wearing black patent shoes, white silk stockings, a very fine grey skirt, a kind of blouse top, white under-slip; also a Japanese fox fur. To me she looked as though she was wearing corsets, which is something out of the ordinary for a Chinese woman. She was a very fine figure of a woman and I should say between 25 and 30 years of age. Shortly afterwards she was joined by a man who was dressed in a blue serge suit and a buttoned-up jacket, the collar being fastened with a stud. They conversed there for three or four minutes in what appeared to be the Waichow dialect. They got up and went to the side of the ship. They conversed there again and then went to the smoke room. I did not see them again until four o'clock in the afternoon."

The witness mentioned that the grills on both the port and starboard side of the wheelhouse were open on the outward journey. The grills at the of the smoke room were open all the time.

The Chairman: Are you familiar with the Piracy Regulations?

The Inspector: No, I am not. I do not have anything to do with them.

Did you notice any other breach of the Piracy Regulations on the outward voyage?—I did not.

A SUSPICIOUS LOOKING MALE.

Witness went on to say that for the return voyage he went aboard at Macao shortly after three o'clock in the afternoon. He went into the saloon and had tea. Shortly after four o'clock the man and woman whom he had seen on board on the outward voyage passed from the port side to the starboard side. Half an hour later a Chinese came aboard. He was wearing blue glasses, and a very heavy overcoat which reached to his feet. Witness said it struck him as peculiar, as it was a very hot day, and he watched the man. Shortly afterwards two youths, aged about 20, joined him. They were dressed in ordinary Chinese attire with long coats. The man in the heavy overcoat spoke to them, saying "We won't sit this side; the other side is better; and they went across to the starboard side."

Witness continued: "I was going into the saloon when the firing commenced on the aft part of the bridge deck. I went for my wife. Shortly afterwards a number of passengers came in, followed by three pirates, one with an automatic pistol, another with a Colt revolver and a third with a carbine, the trigger of which he kept working backwards and forwards. They fired several shots into the floor of the saloon and eventually the man with the carbine said, in Chinese, 'Keep quiet and you will not be hurt.'"

Then at the foremost entrance of the saloon another pirate came in with a revolver and another from the starboard side without a weapon. He took up two knives from the saloon table and started to smash the crockery on the table. Later, we were searched; all I lost at that time was a gold ring."

The Chairman: No resistance of any kind was made?

The Inspector: None whatever.

LIKE SARDINES IN A BOX.

Witness continued that there were quite 40 passengers and boys in the saloon. About an hour afterwards they were driven into the starboard alleyway where they were searched again. "We were standing in the alleyway like sardines in a box," witness said. "Then the pirates came to us again. Some were fortunate enough to get placed in cabins, but I, with my wife and family and some 14 or 15 others, were pushed in the gentleman's lavatory. There we remained until 5 o'clock in the morning. The lights were switched off and we were in total darkness. We were searched again and then taken out and put in the purser's cabin. There were others there and when we got there the number must have been about 30. We stood in the cabin with the door shut."

The Chairman: Can you say anything as to the course followed by the ship?

Inspector Kent: The glass over the window in the lavatory is frosted and it was impossible for us to see anything. I should say we were going North East. There was a North East wind blowing and waves were coming over the starboard bow.

Do you know anything of the conduct of the ship's quartermaster?—I saw nothing of them.

Nor the ship's officers?—No.

How many pirates do you think there were altogether?—Fourteen boats left the ship. Some had four and some six passengers. We saw that from the purser's cabin.

The Chairman: The only reason you have for saying these people you mentioned earlier took part in the piracy was because they were missing afterwards?

Witness: Yes, I never saw them again.

Hon. Mr. McI. Messer: Was any search made of people going on board at Macao?

—No.

Capt. Lake: As far as you could tell there was no organisation to resist pirates?—No, it was quite a surprise. We did not dream of such a thing. That is why the surprise was a success.

Do you think the grills are ever any protection?—They weren't as they were. I do not know if they would have been if they had been shut. There are two staircases providing access.

THE TYPE OF THE PIRATES.

You saw some of the pirates from time to time—what sort of type were they?—Of these I saw some were youngsters. There were two men who had grey hair, two or three I should put down at about 30 years of age, and some were only about 25 and very short.

Did they give you the impression of being countrymen or townsmen?—Countrymen from their dress.

Replying to Mr. Shenton, the Inspector stated that the passengers were searched at the gate before going on the boat at Hongkong. The woman to whom he had referred was searched, although also objected.

Mr. Shenton: It is not much use searching in Hongkong if the ship is coming back with passengers from a place where there is no search?—Quite useless.

As a matter of general interest, is it not a fact that the only place along the coast where people are searched is at Hongkong?—I cannot say.

The probability is that the arms which the pirates used were brought on at Macao?—I think they were.

This man who came on with a long coat was a man on whom suspicion could have rested?—I should think so. If I had been on duty at the wharf and had seen a man coming along wearing a coat like that, I should certainly have searched him.

Hon. Mr. McI. Messer: Didn't the Indian guards search anyone at Macao?—I do not think so.

Mr. Shenton: Any resistance would have been futile?—Certainly.

And would only have resulted in great loss of life?—We had nothing to do anything with.

You regarded it as a complete surprise to everybody on board?—It was.

Highly organised?—It was.

At a minute's notice the ship was out of control?—In less than five minutes the ship was in the control of the pirates.

Answering further questions, the witness said there was no opportunity for organising defence. He knew that four police launches patrolled around the island at night, but knew nothing about a Customs cruiser patrol from Sam Mun Island.

Mr. Shenton: It comes to this, that assuming all the precautions laid down by the Regulations had been carried out, they would have had no effect so far as this attack was concerned?—I would not like to say that. I do not know the structure of the ship sufficiently well, and I do not know how the engine room is placed.

Replying to Mr. Davidson, Inspector Kent said that the two grills near the wheelhouse were open when the ship left Macao.

Mr. Davidson remarked that he had been unable to find any regulation which stated that these grills were to be kept locked.

EVIDENCE OF THE SERGEANT OF THE GUARD.

The Indian Sergeant in charge of the guards on the *Sui An*, was next called. When the ship left Macao he posted the guards, two on the saloon deck and two on the middle deck. The remaining two were detailed for night duty. He was one of the four on day duty, and was on the middle deck. Guards were posted on the port and starboard side of both

decks. He was armed with a revolver and six rounds of ammunition. There were only two rifles amongst the six guards, and these were in charge of the two guards on the upper deck. All four guards had revolvers. About an hour out from Macao, when he was talking to a Portuguese passenger, he heard the report of a fire-arm.

The Chairman: At that time was the grill on the port side closed or open?—It was closed, but not locked. The starboard grill was open.

On the starboard side it was actually open?—It is not allowed to be closed. THE FIRST SHOT.

Continuing, the witness said that the first thing he saw was a man standing up and firing a shot at the other guard on the same deck. "In the excitement he could not say if the guard was hit." He drew his revolver but did not fire, because the robbers and passengers were mixed up. He shouted to his companion, to make his way to the upper deck where they could see what was to be done. At the foot of the staircase, he was met by five pirates. He fired one shot at them, and they fired three back. Witness drew back in order to take shelter behind some time. Behind these times a European lady and gentleman were sheltering. They told him not to fire any more. They said "If you fire they will reply and hit us." They also told witness to clear away as he drew the fire and they would be killed. He moved away, and on the top deck he saw the Captain lying on the deck with a pirate standing at his feet with a revolver in his hand.

Witness fired one shot at the man. The bullet hit him in the back and he fell on to the deck by the Captain. Witness moved forward and came face to face with five or six pirates. He dodged behind a wooden pillar near the engine room and fired at them. Five pirates then came up behind. He ran forward and when near the smoke-room a pirate fired at him and he was hit in the left side. He became unconscious and could not remember what happened afterwards. He was unconscious for three or four hours and when he recovered three or four pirates were kicking him.

THE CAPTAIN AND THE WATCHMEN.

Hon. Mr. Messer: According to orders, four watchmen were on day duty and two on night duty. Who gave those orders?—The Captain.

Who gave the orders for two to be posted on the saloon deck?—The Captain.

Did the Captain give any instructions to you in the case of piracy?—He never gave us any instructions.

Didn't the Captain give you a weekly instruction?—No, sir.

Didn't he test your revolvers once a week?—No, sir; we cleaned them ourselves.

What kind of night duty were the night watchmen doing?—The Captain gave me instructions that we were to watch for fire on the ship, and that we were to prevent anything from the vessel, and to prevent dangerous things being brought on the ship.

Did you get your instructions from the Police as to what duties you would do?—Yes, we did get instructions from the Police, but the Captain changed these orders into his own.

Did you report this to the Police?—No, sir, I have never made any report.

Because the *Sui An* is a very nice ship in comparison with other boats?—Not for that, although the *Sui An* is a very nice boat.

HAD NOT SEEN THE GRILL KEYS FOR NINE MONTHS.

Asked by the Hon. Mr. Messer if the grills between the second and third class passenger decks were locked, witness said that he had now been on the ship for nine months and during that time he had never seen the keys or the padlocks.

Hon. Mr. Messer: Do you think it would have been any good if the four guards had been on the bridge at the time of the piracy? Could you have put up a better fight there?—Yes, I think if we had enough ammunition we would be able to fight any number of pirates.

You were supposed to have 50 rounds of ammunition?—I cannot say.

Capt. Lake: You have never received any instructions from the Captain regarding concerted action in the event of a piracy?—No, sir.

Have you ever received any similar instructions from the Police?—Yes, we got our instructions from the Police that we were to be on duty near the Captain's room or near the grills and if any danger should arise we were to take cover and fight the best we could.

Mr. Shenton: You are ordered to the ships by the Police?—Yes.

And you are supposed to be fully instructed in your duties before you are posted to a ship?—Yes.

Are you given any printed instructions by the Police?—Yes, in some steamers, there are printed instructions by the Police.

Do the Police give you these instructions?—Yes, they are given to each man and we are fully instructed in these regulations. I don't know whether the guards remember these instructions.

Have you ever had your arms and ammunition inspected by the Police?—Many police officers come and inspect them on several occasions.

On the *Sui An*?—Yes, our revolvers have been inspected once.

How long?—I have been on the *Sui An* for nine months and my revolver has been examined once.

The Chairman: When were the arms last examined?—About two months ago.

Were any of the grills locked on this day?—All of them were open except those near the saloon; they were closed.

Further evidence was given by another Indian guard and the inquiry adjourned for the day. The Commission will meet again this afternoon.

OVERCROWDING IN HONGKONG.

PROPOSAL TO ABOLISH COCKLOFTS FOR NEW HOUSES.

MORE QUESTIONS ABOUT MOSQUITOES.

A proposal to diminish overcrowding was brought before the Sanitary Board, yesterday, by the Medical Officer of Health (Dr. W. W. Pearse) members present were: the Head of the Sanitary Dept. (Mr. G. R. Sayer), the Hon. Mr. Chow Shou Son, Mr. S. W. Tso, Dr. W. V. M. Koch, Dr. F. M. Ozorio and the Medical Officer of Health.

Dr. Pearse moved:

That the Government be asked to amend the Public Health and Buildings Ordinance to provide that mezzanine floors or cocklofts as defined in the Ordinance shall not be maintained in any floor of a domestic building other than the ground floor.

The Medical Officer of Health said that he made this proposal in order to reduce the overcrowding which was such an evil in the Colony. Members would see that the definition of mezzanine floor was a very peculiar one. Mezzanine floors and cocklofts were treated as one and the same thing and the meaning was quite different from the one given by architects to the term mezzanine floor. The mezzanine floor in the Chinese house as now built, was a kind of platform which gave the opportunity of putting in about 40 per cent. more people than there was actually room for. Taking a house 35 feet in depth, such as were being built at present, the number of people who could be accommodated without cubicles would be about 16 and a fraction, but a cockloft of 200 square feet could be erected and that would give accommodation for over six more, that is to say 40 per cent. more than the floors themselves would accommodate.

The Building Authority, since passing this Ordinance, had made a regulation that all these cocklofts should be supported by piers from the ground surface to prevent danger of collapse, and it did not seem to him a very great expense to adapt the shape of the roof in such a way that a floor which did not come under the definition of a mezzanine floor could be erected with a proper heading and with its own light.

He did not go so far as to propose that any cocklofts already erected under the present Ordinance should be removed but in view of the fact that the town was extending and that there was room for many thousands of houses on Kowloon side, he thought the Ordinance should be altered to prevent the great overcrowding from which the Colony was suffering.

In reply to Mr. Tso, who asked whether the proposal related to Kowloon or Hongkong property, the Medical Officer of Health said the proposal was that the Ordinance should be amended to make any such houses illegal after the passing of the amending Ordinance.

Dr. Koch stated that he would second if for no other reason than that the overcrowding among the poorer classes was "absolutely awful." They all knew it was the cause of sickness amongst the poor, which was liable to spread to other people. In a large place like this it was a great city that more active steps could not be taken in regard to existing overcrowding, but he supposed that to do so would interfere with all sorts of interests and that no end of trouble would arise.

Mr. Tso admitted that overcrowding was a great evil at present. If the proposal did not affect existing cocklofts he raised no objection.

It was agreed to add to the motion the words "in any house hereafter erected."

Dr. Ozorio said his only objection to the proposal was that it was not retrospective and he thought that if Mr. Tso had seen as many cases of overcrowding as he had Mr. Tso would ask for it to be retrospective also. The conditions in Wanchai were "frightful."

The Medical Officer of Health did not think the proposal could be made retrospective.

The Hon. Mr. Chow Shou Son said that from the sanitary point of view, no doubt the mover and seconder were perfectly right. Everyone knew the existence of the evil of overcrowding but it was due more to circumstances than to choice. The poor did not wish to live as they did but they were forced by necessity to do so. He agreed that the old cocklofts should not exist but if they were removed the people would have nowhere else to go.

Dr. Ozorio suggested a time-limit of three or four years, after which the proposed amending Ordinance would be retrospective.

The Hon. Mr. Chow Shou Son: I think the Government has a policy of building more houses for the poor, and if that is carried out there are sufficient houses at a cheap rent, people will no longer wish to live in cocklofts. When that condition exists no time-limit will be necessary.

The Chairman: I think it is impossible to make it retrospective as that involves claims for compensation.

The resolution was carried.

MALARIA AND MORRISON HILL.

Dr. Ozorio asked the following question of which he had given notice:

Is the Government taking any special prophylactic measures against malaria in the Morrison Hill scheme?

The Medical Officer of Health said that he did not think it necessary in connection with the raising of Morrison Hill, to advise the Government to take any special prophylactic measures. Cutting away the thick jungle on the side of the hill and that would tend to diminish the prevalence of mosquitoes by taking away their sheltering places. Any accumulation of water during the work could be (Continued on foot of next column.)

SPORT.

FOOTBALL.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES.

UNITED SERVICES LEAGUE.

Division I. Kick-off 4.15 p.m.
R.G.A. v. Ambrose; Sookunpoo ground.
Tamar v. Carlisle; Navy "A" ground.
Hawkins v. King's; Navy "B" ground.
Titania v. Durban; St. Joseph's ground.

Division II. Kick-off 2.45 p.m.
King's v. R.G.A.; Sookunpoo ground.
Hawkins v. Carlisle; Navy "A" ground.
Durban v. Magnolia; Navy "B" ground.

HOCKEY.

The following will represent the Club in a match against the Royal Engineers to-day (Wednesday) at Sookunpoo at 5 p.m.:—E. W. Hamilton, E. O. England, A. Bower, E. J. R. Mitchell, Rev. E. W. L. Martin, G. R. Piercy, F. H. Holdman, E. W. Major, H. Olansville, St. G. R. Clark, B. D. Evans (capt.).

THE SINKING OF H.M.S. "WATERWITCH."

TEN YEARS LATER.

On September 1st, 1912, the Colonial steamer *Sea Mew*, coming into harbour, ran into and sank the Surveying vessel, H.M.S. *Waterwitch*. For the next meeting of Legislative Council a motion is on the agenda providing for the payment to the Admiralty of \$121,530.90 to meet the claim by the Admiralty in respect of the loss of H.M.S. *Waterwitch*, as a result of collision with the s.s. *Seamew*. We wonder how much of this is principal and how much interest. The *Waterwitch* was we believe, raised and sold to the late Mr. G. Gaggino, and for all we know she may be still afloat.—*Singapore Free Press*.

ELLIS KADOORIE SCHOOL AT CANTON.

A HEAVY DEBT TO BE LIQUIDATED.

The *Canton Times* of yesterday has the following paragraph:—

The old boys of the Ellis Kadoorie School at Honam, Canton, will rally to the support of their alma mater to prevent the property of the institution from being sold to satisfy a debt of some \$430,000.

The school has been in existence for some twenty-one years and has graduated more than 7,000 students. Most of the clerks in the foreign banks of Canton have been students in this institution. The late Lau Chu Pak of Hongkong was for many years chief patron of the school. The recent death of Mr. Lau and the accumulated debts of the institution have made it necessary to cease its operation. The present movement of the old boys to protect the school property from being sold is, indeed, a gratification to all friends of education.

SAIGON RICE MARKET.

The Compagnie de Commerce and de Navigation d'Extreme Orient, in their report dated Saigon, November 20th, state:—

During the last fortnight a fair amount of business has been closed with Cuba and Europe, although the big fluctuations in the rate of exchange on Paris have not allowed exporters to work freely with the home market. Prices have shown a further advance on account of the poor supplies coming from the interior. The prospects concerning the new crop are still favourable.

The total amount of rice exported from January 1st to November 6th is 1,037,813 tons, against 1,271,729 in 1931.

We quote to-day:—White Saigon rice, No. 2 sifed, Japan quality, Hongkong \$5.16 per picul, f.o.b. Saigon, for December shipment.

Dealt with by the staff. There were no matcheds of coolies so he did not think any further measures than those ordinarily taken were necessary. The District Inspectors had been inspecting the work once a week to see that there were no collections of water and had strict instructions as to filling the storage tanks which fed the locomotive boilers and drawing the contractors' attention to any small accumulations of water which might occur.

Dr. Ozorio: At a later stage you will have a big area of swampy ground there.

The Medical Officer: I do not anticipate that any collections of water in connection with operations of this kind do not usually shelter anopheline mosquitoes; only anopheline mosquitoes. Pools formed in this way have to remain and grow grass round their edges before they become suitable breeding places for anopheline mosquitoes. Should there be any permanent collections it will be possible to deal with them.

REDUCTION OF UNDERGROWTH.

The Chairman announced that the Botanical and Forestry Department had cut 8,255,990 square feet of undergrowth this year as compared with 3,400,000 in the preceding year. Undergrowth had been cleared for a distance of 100 feet from houses instead of 50 feet as heretofore. The Director of Public Works had trained 12 out of a list of 22 selected nullahs; it had not been possible, owing to shortage of staff, to deal with the other 10, but the work would be pressed forward in 1933.

COMPANY MEETING.

THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Hongkong, Canton and Macao Steamboat Company was held at the Company's Offices, yesterday, for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, approving the draft new Articles of the Company.

In the absence of Mr. G. M. Dodwell (Chairman of the Company) the Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr presided, and there were present: Sir Robert Ho Tung, Messrs. W. E. Clarke and D. G. M. Bernard (Directors), Mr. John Arnold (Secretary), Mr. W. E. L. Shenton (Messrs. Deacon, Looker, Deacon, and Harston, representing the Company), and the following shareholders:—Captain J. J. Grayburn, J. E. Grayburn, Chan Su Ki, Chai Tsun, N. W. Hay Tong, Mok Wing Yee, Mok Hing Kiu, Lai Yut Chun, H. Smythe, Lo Yek Tong, and Mowray S. Northcote.

The Chairman said:—Gentlemen,—As indicated in the notice which has just been read by the Company's Secretary, this meeting has been convened for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit, approving the draft new Articles of Association of the Company.

As regards the Articles of Association, your Directors found that they needed bringing up to date and altering in certain respects so as to be more in line with the Articles of Public Companies now generally current in this Colony.

Prints of the existing Articles of Association and of the draft new Articles have, as indicated in the Notice convening this meeting, been open for inspection by shareholders at the Company's registered office, and at the office of the Company's Solicitors, Messrs. Deacon, Looker, Deacon and Harston, and there are also copies of both the existing and the draft new Articles on this table which if any shareholder desires, he may inspect.

Under the draft new Articles of Association the following are the most important of the alterations to the existing Articles:—

1.—Under Article 20 no call shall exceed one-fifth of the nominal amount of the share or be made payable within two months after the last preceding call was made payable.

2.—Under Article 42 the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares without assigning any reason therefor.

3.—Under Article 43 no share shall be registered in a Tong name or in the name of a firm.

4.—Under Article 50 the liability of a transferee is defined.

5.—Under Article 62 the provisions to apply in the event of the mortgage of uncalled capital are set forth.

6.—Under Article 68, 7 clear days' notice of meetings is provided for, instead of 14.

7.—Under Article 70, the quorum necessary for an ordinary yearly meeting is changed from 12 to 6 and the quorum at Extraordinary General Meetings is stated.

8.—Under Article 79 the voting power is changed on a poll to one vote for each share up to ten (instead of five) and an additional vote for each complete ten shares beyond the first ten (instead of five).

9.—Under Article 92 the number of Directors shall be not less than 3 or more than 9, instead of not less than 5 or more than 9.

10.—Under Article 93 a Director must hold his qualification in his own right and may act before acquiring his qualification.

11.—Under Article 98 certain additions have been inserted to meet legal technical points which have been inserted from time to time with regard to Directors, being interested in contracts made by or with the Company.

12.—Under Article 106 the procedure is laid down on election of new Directors.

13.—Under Article 110 power is given to remunerate a Director for extra services.

14.—Under Article 127 provision is made and machinery introduced for effecting the capitalisation of Reserve Fund.

15.—Under Article 129 payment of interest out of capital is provided for.

16.—Under Articles 130 to 135 and 143 to 145 inclusive, useful provisions have been inserted as to declaration of dividend and unclaimed dividends.

17.—Under Article 137 members are not to be entitled to certain information.

18.—Under Article 169 power is given to distribute assets in specie in the event of a winding up.

I do not think there is anything further with which I need deal, but if any shareholder would like to ask any questions or seek any explanation, I shall be pleased to endeavour to answer such questions and give such explanation to the best of my ability.

If no questions are asked or explanation sought, I shall assume that you approve the draft new Articles as presented, and will thereupon propose the resolution regarding the same which is set out in the notice convening this meeting.

There being no questions, the Chairman proposed the following resolution:

That the new Articles already approved by the Meeting and for the purpose of identification subscribed by the Chairman thereof, be and the same are hereby adopted as the Articles of the Company, to the exclusion of and in substitution for all the existing Articles thereof.

Mr. T. G. Wells seconded, and the resolution was carried unanimously.

The Chairman thanked the shareholders for their attendance and reminded them of the subsequent meeting to be held on December 22nd.

THE DIOCESAN NEW SCHOOL FUND.

A Report on the Fund to be presented, together with a statement of accounts, at a meeting of the Committee to-day (Wednesday).

The School Committee approached the Hongkong Government in 1918-1919 about a new site and new buildings.

In April, 1922, the Government offered (1) a site of about 17½ acres at Yau-mat-ti and (2) \$204,864 for the old site, Inland Lot 831 and the existing buildings thereon. (About \$134,000 for the old site and about \$70,000 for the old buildings). In April and May, 1921, a General Appeal Committee was formed.

The Appeal Committee met on May 19th, 1921, and appointed an Executive Appeal Committee to draw up and issue an Appeal. The Hon. Mr. A. G. Stephen was appointed Hon. Treasurer of the Appeal Committee and Chairman of the Executive Appeal Committee.

On May 27th, 1921, the Executive Appeal Committee met, drew up and passed an Appeal Pamphlet and a Letter of Appeal which was signed on behalf of the Appeal Committee by the Rt. Rev. the Bishop of Victoria, Chairman of the Appeal Committee, the Hon. Mr. A. G. Stephen, Hon. Treasurer, and the Rev. W. T. Featherstone, Headmaster and Secretary.

The Appeal was sent out in June and July, 1921. Because of the condition of Trade, etc., it was felt to be wise not to force the Appeal too much in 1921; it was intended to re-issue the Appeal about March, 1922, but local conditions made that impossible.

In October, 1921, the Government, after being approached by the Secretary about the grant of a larger piece of land, promised to give about 5½ acres more; that is the New Site is now about 23 acres in area.

In May, 1922, after getting a valuation for the Old Site (\$205,000), the Secretary wrote to the Government asking if the Government would buy the Old Site at this valuation and give dollar-for-dollar towards the New Buildings. The reply was in the negative.

It will be noted that in 1920 the sum of 134,000 was offered for the Old Site and \$70,000 was offered for the Old Buildings.

A new estimate of the cost of the buildings, etc., of the New School was made by Messrs. Little, Adams and Wood in 1922; it was \$445,000.

The Government offer \$204,000.00
Subscriptions paid and promised amount to 55,000.00

That is we can see a total of \$259,000.00

Leaving a sum of \$186,000 to be raised by subscriptions or other methods. Because of the continual rise in the cost of buildings it would be wise to assume that we will require from \$200,000 to \$250,000.

During 1921-1922 the Old Buildings have been favourably commented upon by the Committee of the Board of Education, the large retaining wall of Bonham Road has been condemned and a new ground used by the School has been taken for the new St. Stephen's Girls' College.

In 1921 the School has record scholastic results gaining among other results, three out of the five Open Scholarships offered by the Hongkong University for Schools in Hongkong and the Far East.

The School Year 1922 has been a success financially, due partly to the annual donations, partly to an increase in fees and partly to a large average attendance.

There are 110 boarders and 300 day boys. In 1922 we refused admittance to at least 70 day boys and in September alone we refused 27 boarders.

HONGKONG MATRICULATION AND LOCAL EXAMINATIONS.

The following appears in the minutes of a recent meeting of the Shanghai Municipal Council's Permanent Committee on Education:

A letter from the Registrar, Hongkong University, is submitted, informing the Council that a joint meeting of the Matriculation Board of the University and of the Heads of schools presenting candidates to the University Matriculation and Local Examinations will be held in March next, to discuss suggestions for the conduct and improvement of these examinations; and requesting that delegates from the Council's schools be sent to attend. Reports, in comment, by the Heads of the several Municipal schools are also submitted, from which it is noted that divergent views have been expressed as to the desirability of according to this request.

In the circumstances, an expression of the Committee's views is sought as to whether delegates should be appointed to attend the proposed conference. During the short discussion which takes place, a member expresses the view that, until it is finally determined to what extent the Hongkong Local Examinations are to be adopted as a test of efficiency at the respective foreign schools, little, if any benefit, would accrue as a result of the attendance of delegates with "indefinite instructions" at the proposed conference. The view is also expressed that the appointment of delegates thereto would be justified only if an important issue were "hanging in the balance," and failing this, it is considered that local requirements could suitably be communicated by letter. Inasmuch as the whole question will be carefully examined by the General Educational Committee, it is unanimously agreed that, for the present, no useful purpose would be served by acceptance of the invitation to question, and a reply in the above sense is accordingly directed.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT

TO H.M. THE KING.



NEW STOCKS JUST RECEIVED

NEW STOCKS JUST RECEIVED

WELL DRESSED MEN THE WORLD OVER FOLLOW LONDON FASHIONS

LONDON FASHIONS IN MEN'S HEADWEAR HAVE FOR OVER A CENTURY BEEN CREATED BY

LINCOLN BENNETT AND CO., LTD.

SOLE AGENTS FOR HONGKONG

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LIMITED.

EST. 1850.

SHIPCHANDLER DEPT.

COMPLETE SHIPS' OUTFITS.

DECK AND ENGINE ROOM STORES,

OILS, PAINTS AND VARNISH IMPORTERS.

ENGINEERS' TOOLS, INDICATORS, COUNTERS, Etc.

PACKING AND ASBESTOS GOODS.

AGENTS FOR DOBBIE MOINNES NAUTICAL SPECIALITIES.

NEW COLUMBIA DANCE RECORDS FOR DECEMBER

AT ANDERSON'S.

Powell

TELEPHONE C 3148.

7 and 9, PEDDER STREET (under the Hongkong Hotel).

TAILORS AND OUTFITTERS

HAVE A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SWEATERS, SCARVES AND GLOVES

FOR ALL OCCASIONS.

OVERCOATS

CAMELHAIR FLEECE AND SCOTCH HOMESPUN.

JAEGER

DRESSING GOWNS, TRAVELLING RUGS, WAISTCOATS, Etc.

UNDERWEAR

PURE WOOL IN "THERM" VIVELLA AND SCOTCH MAKES

CABLES.

LATEST CABLES.
[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]IRELAND'S GOVERNOR
GENERAL.

A POPULAR APPOINTMENT.

LONDON, December 4th.

In connection with the appointment of (Mr. Timothy?) Healy to the Governor-Generalship of the Irish Free State, President Cosgrave and General Mulcahy arrived at Holyhead last night, to meet Mr. Healy on his arrival from London.

They warmly congratulated him on his appointment, and accompanied him to Dublin this morning.

THE TURNING-POINT IN
IRELAND'S CAREER.

President Cosgrave, in the course of an interview, said that Mr. Healy's appointment was most popular with all classes, and he hoped it would mark the turning-point in Ireland's career. He (Mr. Cosgrave) was confident that Ireland's condition was rapidly improving, as evidenced by the large increase in exports this year. Mr. Cosgrave concluded by saying that the union of the North and the South cannot long be delayed, for the dividing line was unnatural.

THE AUSTRIAN LOAN.

DEBATE IN THE HOUSE OF
COMMONS.

LONDON, December 4th.

In the House of Commons, Mr. S. Baldwin (Chancellor of the Exchequer) moved the financial resolution authorising the amending of the Trade Facilities Act, by increasing to £5,000,000 the aggregate amount of loans that may be guaranteed, in order to guarantee the Austrian Loan, arranged by the League of Nations, and the Sudan Government Irrigation Loan.

HOSTILITY TO THE AUSTRIAN
LOAN.

The debate disclosed hostility to the Austrian Loan. The Communist, Mr. Newbold, declaring that the last minute effort to save Austria was in the interest of a bond-holding clique of unscrupulous rascals.

LIBERAL AMENDMENT DEFEATED.

Mr. Fringle (Liberal) moved an amendment limiting the guarantee to undertakings within the United Kingdom. This was eventually defeated by 195 votes to 106.

After a discursive debate, lasting six hours, the resolution was passed, without a division, at five o'clock in the morning.

GREEK MILITARY TRIALS.

GENERALS RELEASED.

ATHENS, December 4th.

General Pallis, General Vassiliadis and ex-General Adactilios (ex-Chief of General Staff) were released to-day.

U.S. POLITICS.

OBSTRUCTION TO ANTI-LYNCHING
BILL ABANDONED.

WASHINGTON, December 4th.

The regular session of Congress has opened. The Opposition have abandoned the filibuster against the anti-lynching Bill, and the Ship Subsidy Bill has been referred to the Senate Commerce Committee.

OPPOSITION TO SHIP SUBSIDY
BILL MAY CONTINUE.

It is understood that the Senators opposing the Ship Subsidy Bill conferred informally, with a view to a prolonged filibuster against the Bill. The movement is under the leadership of the Progressives, but it is also supported by most of the Democrats.

RUMANIAN DEBT
SETTLEMENT.ARRANGEMENT WITH AMERICA
SUBJECT TO ALLIED APPROVAL.

New York, December 4th.

The Rumanian Debt Commission has left for home. Prior to his departure he declared that America had agreed to the drafting of a plan for settling the Rumanian debt, along lines similar to the plan governing the Austrian debt, provided the interested Allied States approve.

CONSTANTINOPLE REFUGEES

RECENT DEPARTURES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 4th.

The following refugees have recently departed from Constantinople: Greeks 110,000; Armenians 15,000; Russians 12,000; Jews 7,000; other nationalities 20,000.

EARLIER CABLES.

FREEDOM OF THE STRAITS.

RUSSIAN DELEGATES PARTICI-
PATE IN DISCUSSION.

LAUSANNE, December 4th.

Interest in the Conference, which was recently waning, has been revived by the opening of the discussion on the freedom of the Straits by territorial and military questions from the commission.

Four Russian delegates, Chicherin, Rakovsky, Vorofsky and Di, the last named a Georgian, are participating.

THE QUESTION OF GUARDIAN
SHIP.

The Straits commission heard three proposals, Bulgarian, Rumanian and Russian. The Turks supported the Russian proposal excluding warships from the Black Sea and leaving the guardianship of the Straits to Turkey.

The Turks were not ready fully to state their case, as to which Lord Curzon rebuked them. The commission thereupon adjourned *sine die*, in order to examine the proposals and give the Turks time to formulate a reply.

U.S. BUDGET BEFORE
CONGRESS.

BIG POSTAL SURPLUS PREDICTED.

WASHINGTON, December 4th.

President Harding has transmitted the budget to Congress, showing probable Government expenditure for the year ending June 30th, 1924, of three billion one hundred and eighty-one million dollars, which is a half-billion below the estimates for the current fiscal year.

He declared that any further material reduction in Government expenses and taxes depended on whether there should be curtailment of Government aid in research, improvement and development.

He drew attention to the fact that two-thirds of the present disbursements are for practically fixed charges, and only about a billion dollars is left against which retrenchment can be directed.

The estimates for 1923-1924 showed an excess of receipts over expenditure of one hundred and eighty-one millions, compared with an estimated deficit of two hundred and seventy-four millions in the current year, which, however, he hoped to see greatly reduced during the remaining seven months.

He predicted a postal surplus of nearly a million dollars in 1924 instead of the usual deficit.

Other large estimates were: Army, two hundred and fifty-seven millions, including thirteen millions for the army air service; and navy, two hundred and ninety millions.

INCREASED RUBBER PRICES.

AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS
APPREHENSIVE.

LONDON, December 4th.

According to the *Times*, rubber manufacturers in the United States are apprehensive that the Colonial Office committee's scheme aims at raising the price of rubber to half a crown per pound.

The *Times* suggests that the committee should state its intentions in the event of rubber rising over eighteen pence and thus ally uneasiness.

HIGH PRICE OF COTTON
GOODS.GAMBLING IN RAW MATERIALS
RESPONSIBLE.

LONDON, December 4th.

In an article in the *New York Journal of Commerce*, Sir C. Macnamara attributes the high retail prices of cotton goods largely to the wild fluctuations of cotton owing to gambling in raw materials.

He urges, in the interest not only of the planter, spinner and manufacturer, but also of the consumers, that something should be done to eliminate this bugbear of the industry.

IRISH CONSTITUTION BILL.

BITTER AND PESSIMISTIC
SPEECHES IN HOUSE OF LORDS.

LONDON, December 4th.

The House of Lords has passed the third reading of the Irish Constitution Bill, after a critical, pessimistic speech by the Marquis of Lansdowne, and a bitter speech by Lord Carson.

MEXICAN BANDITS AGAIN
ACTIVE.

TWO AMERICANS SLAIN.

MEXICO CITY, December 4th.

Mr. Voreker, the British superintendent of the Aguila oil camp at Vera Cruz, has been kidnapped by bandits and is being held to ransom for ten thousand pesos.

BRITISH VICTIM RESCUED.

MEXICO CITY, December 4th.

Federal troops have rescued Mr. H. K. Voreker, the British superintendent of the Aguila oil camp at Vera Cruz, who was kidnapped by bandits.

CANADA-U.S.A. POSTAL
SERVICE

CONFERENCE OPENED.

OTTAWA, December 4th.

The postal conference between Canada and the United States has opened, and will discuss improved parcel posts, special delivery letter, insurance and also customs regulations.

PRINCE OF WALES'S MISHAP.

LONDON, December 4th.

The Prince of Wales has recovered from his mishap on Saturday.

ZIONIST ADMINISTRATION IN
PALESTINE.STRONG ATTACK BY LORD
ISLINGTON.

LONDON, December 4th.

In the House of Lords, Lord Islington delivered a strong attack on the system of Government in Palestine, and urged legislation whereby the present Zionist system of administration in Palestine, which he asserted was positively detested by the Arabs, forming an overwhelming proportion of the population, would be substituted by a system nearly approximating to a national form of government.

The modified policy would financially relieve both the British and Palestinian.

CENTRAL AMERICAN
CONFERENCE.PEACE IN THE WESTERN
HEMISPHERE.

WASHINGTON, December 4th.

Mr. Hughes, welcoming the delegates to the Central American Conference, declared that the interest of the United States was to be found in peace in the western hemisphere.

He hoped the meeting would register an effective resolve to end strife and mutual distrust.

SEEKING A CURE FOR
CANCER.CLAIMANTS FOR LORD
ATHOLSTAN'S PRIZE.

MONTREAL, December 4th.

Lord Atholstan's offer of a hundred thousand dollars prize for a cancer cure has brought 3,715 claims from forty-one countries.

All satisfied the preliminary conditions of the Royal College of Physicians, that there is sufficient basis in the professed cures to justify experimental investigation.

BRITAIN'S TWO NEW
CAPITAL SHIPS.GOVERNMENT CONSIDERING THE
QUESTION.

LONDON, December 4th.

In the House of Commons, Viscount Curzon drew attention to the fact that the two capital ships authorised by Parliament must be laid down under the Washington agreement by December 31st, and asked whether orders had yet been given.

Mr. Bonar Law replied that a statement on the subject would be made before the House rose. The Government was considering the question of the desirability of spending money on these ships. He was unable to promise, that the opinion of the House as to this would be invited.

M.C.C. SOUTH AFRICAN TOUR.

GRIMALAND DEFEATED BY EIGHT
WICKETS.

KIMBERLEY, December 4th.

The M.C.C. compiled 353. Mead and Sandham each contributing 68. Grimaland scored 186 in their second innings.

The M.C.C. replied with 42 for 2, and won by eight wickets.

KING CONSTANTINE'S
WHEREABOUTS.HIS REPORTED IMPRISONMENT
DENIED.

LONDON, December 4th.

The Greek Legation declares that the report that the King of Greece desired to leave the country and is being kept a prisoner in the palace is absolutely without foundation.

ANOTHER COLLEGE FIRE.

STUDENTS INCINERATED.

WATERVILLE, Maine, Dec. 4th.

Two students were incinerated and one is missing as the result of a fire in the dormitory of Colby Baptist College early this morning.

DUTCH TEXTILE STRIKE
ENDED.

AMSTERDAM, December 4th.

The textile strike, which commenced on November 10th, has ended.

FAR EASTERN CABLE
NEWS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

AEROPLANES SEIZED AT HANKOW.

AMERICAN CITIZEN ARRESTED.

HANKOW, December 4th.

James Slevin, an American citizen, was arrested last night in connection with the seizure of six aeroplanes which arrived at Hankow aboard the s.s. *Taengshu*. It is understood he will be charged with unlawfully importing war material contrary to the proclamation of March 4th, 1922. The aeroplanes were seized by a party of marines from the *Label*.

THE TRANSFER OF TINGTAO.

REQUEST BY CHINESE CHAMBER
OF COMMERCE.

PEKING, December 4th.

The Chinese Chamber of Commerce at Tientsin has telegraphed requesting Mr. O. T. Wang to proceed to Shanghai immediately in connection with the taking over of Tingtao, but the latter is prevented from complying, owing to the necessity of his presence at the deliberations of the second session of the Shanghai Joint Commission.

500 BAGS OF FLOUR STOLEN.

REMOVED FROM A HONGKONG
GODOWN BY FRAUD.

RECOVERED IN MACAO.

The story of a fraud on a big scale was told at the Magistracy, yesterday afternoon, when two Chinese, one, the master of a rope shop, and the other a flour broker, named Lam Chuen and Tse Ying Ching, respectively, were charged with defrauding a Chinese flour firm of 500 bags of flour by pretending that a certain delivery order contained the genuine chops of the Sang Lung and Kwan Fuk Firms. The flour, it was stated, was actually taken from the godown and shipped to Macao where it was recovered and the two defendants arrested.

Mr. M. H. Turner, solicitor, appeared for the prosecution, Mr. A. E. Hall, solicitor, appeared for the first defendant.

Mr. Turner said that the complainants were the On Wing Firm. On November 18th the managing partner of the firm was informed by one of his folk that some persons had presented a delivery order in the form of a direction to him that he was to give the bearer 500 bags of flour.

This delivery order was chopped by the Sang Lung Firm and re-chopped by them in favour of the Kwan Fuk Firm. The complainants had had dealings with both these firms. A godown warrant was handed to the man who presented the delivery order. This man then went to the godown and obtained the 500 bags of flour. On information received the same evening, the managing partner found that the flour had been shipped to Macao by the s.s. *Chuen Chow*. The same night he got a permit and set out in a launch for Macao, and there made investigations, which resulted in the two defendants being arrested. The flour was recovered on the s.s. *Chuen Chow*. The evidence would show that the defendants either actually obtained the flour by false pretences or received it unlawfully, and furthermore that they had made attempts to sell the flour at Macao.

Evidence in support of Mr. Turner's statement was given by the complainant and his folk. The firm's godown-keeper said that the first defendant came to the godown in Connaught Road Central on November 18th and took delivery of the flour. 500 bags were handed over to the defendant arranging for coaling to carry the flour on to a cargo boat. The same evening he learned that the document was false. Later he went to Macao with his master and found the flour on board the s.s. *Chuen Chow*. Subsequently he saw the first defendant at Macao and recognised him as the man who brought the delivery order to the godown.

Cross-examined by Mr. Hall, witness said he did not question the defendants when he brought the delivery order to the godown. He had never seen the defendant before that.

Re-examined by Mr. Turner, witness said that the flour was brought back to Hongkong the next day.

The Accountant of the Tung Cheung Firm, Macao, said that on November 19th he received an envelope which contained the words: "Flour to be received by the Tung Cheung Firm, Macao, from Chik Lee, to be delivered to the Hop Shun Firm." The first defendant paid him a visit and asked if 500 bags of flour came to Macao would he receive them on his behalf. He would come later and take delivery of them. He had never dealt with the defendant before, and enquired further about the business. The defendant told him that a friend of his in Hongkong had asked him to go to Macao and sell it for him. Later the police called and asked if he had received any flour. He then told what he knew and guided the police to where the defendant was staying. The second defendant was with the first defendant at the time, and they were both arrested.

After further evidence had been taken the Magistrate ordered the first defendant to be sent to prison for four months. The second defendant was discharged as there was not sufficient evidence to convict him.

THE AUSTRALIAN
STOWAWAY.THE MAGISTRATE ORDERS
IMPRISONMENT.

Philip Gillmore, the Australian mechanic aviator, who stated that he was recently in the employ of the Chinese Government at Peking and now out of employment, was again brought before Mr. J. R. Wood at the Magistracy, yesterday, on a charge of having stowed away on the s.s. *Glenagarry* from Shanghai to Hongkong.

When the case was called on the previous day Gillmore told his Worship that he stowed away to Hongkong because he hoped to work his passage from here to Australia on the s.s. *St. Albani*. The Magistrate put the case back to consider his sentence.

Addressing the defendant yesterday, his Worship said: "You have pleaded guilty to stowing away on the s.s. *Glenagarry* from Shanghai to Hongkong. I have thought over your case, and in order to prevent other people doing the same thing I must impose a sentence upon you. The sentence I impose is fourteen days' imprisonment with hard labour."

THE SENSATIONAL ARMS
SEIZURE.AMERICAN SHIP'S OFFICERS SENT
TO PRISON.

The two American ship's officers of the s.s. *President Jackson*, named Gordon Hussey (First Assistant Engineer) and Charles Beam (Engineer's Store-keeper), who were arrested near the Kowloon Ferry Wharf on Sunday afternoon for having in their possession four revolvers and 300 rounds of ammunition, without the permission of the Captain Superintendent of Police, appeared on remand before Mr. J. R. Wood at the Magistracy, yesterday morning.

The Magistrate on the previous day, put the case over in order that he might consider his sentence. When the case was called yesterday the Captain Superintendent of Police (Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe) and Mr. J. M. Hall (for the defendants) were present in Court. A number of friends of the defendants were also present. Defendants were dealt with together.

The Magistrate: Mr. Hall, have you anything further to say?

Mr. Hall: Nothing beyond what I said yesterday, your Worship; except that I ask for leniency. The first defendant, I understand, has a wife and children in America. I am instructed to ask you to deal with both defendants in as lenient a way as possible.

The Magistrate (addressing the defendants): I have asked you to stand up together, because what I have to say applies to you both. I do not believe the statements you have made that you brought these arms on shore with the intention of merely walking back on to the ship. I do not believe that state-

ment. It is clear to me that you took these arms ashore in order to get rid of them and that you were trading in arms. For that reason I must impose a heavy sentence upon you. The object of legislation here is to ensure that arms are in the possession of law-abiding people only. For that reason the Captain Superintendent of Police has been told to prevent the traffic in arms, especially at this time, because of the amount of disorder that there is in the neighbouring territories. For that reason I regard your intentions as serious, and I have no doubt that you thought of this before you came ashore. The sentence I impose upon each of you is six months' imprisonment with hard labour.

MANCHU EX-EMPEROR'S
WEDDING HONOURS.HIGHEST RANK FOR MR. E. F.
JOHNSTON.

In connection with the Imperial wedding which has just taken place within the Forbidden City at Peking, Edicts were issued by the Manchou ex-Emperor conferring various honours on princes and high officials of his Court. The following, says a correspondent of the *N.C. Daily News*, are among the persons honoured:—

Prince Ch'un (ex-Regent, father of the Emperor) is granted the privilege of wearing the Apricot Yellow Python Cloak.

Jung Yuan, father of the Empress, is granted the button of the highest official rank (*Tou Pin Ting-tai*) and the privilege of riding on horseback in the Forbidden City.

Ch'ia Pao-chien, Imperial Tutor, is advanced to the rank of Grand Guardian (*Tai Pao*).

Ch'ia I-fan, Imperial Tutor, is created a Junior Guardian (*Shao Pao*).

Mr. E. E. Johnston, Imperial Tutor, is granted the button of the highest official rank (*Tou Pin Ting-tai*).

Shao Ying, Senior Minister of the Household, is created a Grand Guardian (*Tai Pao*).

Ch'ia Ling, a Minister of the Household, is created a Junior Guardian (*Shao Pao*).

Pao Hai, a Minister of the Household, is granted the Peacock's Feather.

Yuan Li-chun is granted the privilege of wearing the Sable Robe.

Besides Prince Ch'un, several other members of the Imperial House are also the recipients of honours. The son of Prince Yi is granted the button of the highest official rank; Prince Tsai Jun, Prince Tsai Ying and Prince Yu Lang are granted the privilege of using the Yellow Bridle; Duke Tse Tse is elevated to the rank of *Beih* (prince of the third order), and P'u Chieh (brother of the Emperor and son of Prince Ch'un) is created an Imperial Duke of the Second Degree (*Fu Kuo-Kung*).

(Mr. R. F. Johnston, the Imperial Tutor, who has received the button of the highest official rank, was formerly in the Hongkong Civil Service. He came to Hongkong as a cadet and filled various junior posts during his service in Hongkong.—Ed. H.D.P.)

"THE OLD SWIMMING HOLE."

So well and charmingly does the story of "The Old Swimming Hole" (the delightful picture which the Goran management are at present showing) tell itself that the whole of its story is found in a single, explanatory subtitle. It is based on a very well known and popular American poem by Mr. James Whitcomb Riley and it presents a happy picture of healthy, happy people who cannot fail to evoke reminiscent chuckles from every grown man who sees it.

SEIZURE ON THE "NIPPON."

HEAVY SENTENCE ON STORE-
KEEPER.

As the result of a seizure of a large quantity of morphine and cocaine by the Monopolies Department on board the Lloyd Trestino steamer *Nippon*, which arrived here on November 23rd, Simione Perich, the chief store-keeper of the steamer, was charged before Mr. Dawson at Singapore with possession of morphine and being concerned in the importation of the stuff. Court Inspector Nicol conducted the prosecution, while Mr. R. Williamson defended the accused.

According to the evidence of Superintendent Woodhouse, who raided the vessel accompanied by revenue officers, he asked for the store-keeper on getting to the steamer. There was some difficulty in getting to him. He was escorted by one of the seamen to the store. While waiting at the door, witness's companion shouted out something and the accused opened the door from inside. He was bleeding from his right thumb, and on entering the store witness found that blood was spilled in different parts of the store, but seemed to originate from a crate containing bottles, by the side of which was a broken bottle. The revenue officer examined the crate and underneath the first layer of bottles was discovered a large parcel wrapped up in paper, which also had fresh blood stains. On opening this parcel it was found to contain morphine in white square cubes. On this discovery being made, witness took the accused in custody, but was not allowed to take him away from the ship until the Captain arrived. Witness also searched other parts of the ship.

Cross-examined by Mr. Williamson, witness said he acted on information received. The nationality of the informer was Chinese. His instructions were not to go straight to the store, but he was asked to see the storekeeper. He also searched the storekeeper's cabin. He unscrewed a mirror here and discovered a lot of cocaine. He was not looking for anybody else besides the storekeeper. He did not know if the chief steward was missing. He had heard since that one of the dobbies was missing.

Re-examined by Court Inspector Nicol, witness said in searching ships he often looked behind mirrors and between panels. Three of the dobbies were concerned in the possession of cocaine, but only two have been arrested.

The accused, in the box, stated that he had no knowledge of the morphine in the store. He had cut his finger while cutting cheese, and the blood spilt all over the store were accounted for by his staining the blood and shaking his hand. There were three cases, including the one containing the contraband stuff, which were removed from the deck into the store. Addressing the court, Mr. Williamson submitted there were presumptions against the accused, but under the ordinance the slightest doubt raised entitled the accused to an acquittal.

His Worship found the accused guilty and sentenced him to a fine of £750 or four months' rigorous imprisonment.

The case against the two Chinese dobbies will be proceeded with later. Under the ordinance the Captain is also liable in the case of a fine of this sort and the charge against him is of allowing his steamer to be used for the importation of the contraband stuff. This will be proceeded with in the District Court early in January next, when the ship will be here next. In respect of the charges against the Captain, a representative of Messrs. Paterson Simons, the agents of the steamer, agreed to enter into a bond for \$1,000 as security.—*Singapore Free Press*.

A rat recently killed in Penang was found to be a male, equal in size to a full grown cat, and measured 21 inches tip to tail. It turned the scale at 4 catties (5 1/3 lbs.).

The late Mr. G. H. Scidmore, United States Consul at Yokohama, who died on November 27th was the oldest American official in the Far East. His age was 68. Mr. Scidmore was admitted to the Bar in 1876. He was the Barrister and Solicitor of the British Court for Japan in 1890 and for several years was a lecturer on British and American Law. Mr. Scidmore had held many Consular appointments in the Far East, at one time being Vice-Consul-General at Shanghai. He had been Consul-General at Yokohama since 1913. Mr. Scidmore had a slight attack of apoplexy during the visit of the Prince of Wales to Yokohama on the occasion of the unveiling of the Memorial Arch. While the ceremony was proceeding Mr. Scidmore fainted and was carried off. Since then he had been in indifferent health. Mr. Scidmore died in his sleep.

A one to two sen tax on patrons of theatres in Yokohama has been proposed by officials of the Municipality, and if the innovation is approved the levy will be enforced in April, 1923, the municipal officers being enriched ¥ 100,000 yearly. It is said, Yokohama and Nagoya are said to be the only Japanese cities in which this so-called amusement levy is not collected. According to figures collected by the municipality 8,725,134 persons paid to view motion pictures or stage performances in the 29 theatres of Yokohama last year. In this figure is included the attendance at the Gaiety Theatre which also would be liable for the small percentage tax. More than 25,000 persons pay to see motion pictures or stage performances each day in Yokohama, officials say, and insist that the theatre-going public should not object to the infinitesimal tax which would be based on admission charge.

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This pure old Whisky has had, since 1745, a great reputation amongst connoisseurs for its mellow flavour, and still maintains a world-wide identical quality.



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Hall's Wine is a scientific preparation—the prescription of a Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, England, and it has been steadily growing in popular favour for over a quarter of a century—the period it has been before the public. Each day brings new evidence—every post adds to the countless letters on our files in praise of Hall's Wine.

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Overwork: "Please send me six bottles of Hall's Wine to my private residence. I have been 'overdoing' it and find Hall's Wine an excellent tonic."

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"SMITH" AND "JONES." LORD CHANCELLOR'S HUMOUR.

A welcome surprise was sprung upon the After-Dinner Club on October 18th. It had, in the King Edward VII. Rooms, met at dinner, a paradoxical proceeding which the president, Mr. Henry Arthur Jones, suggested should be followed in December by a five a.m. breakfast at a Covent Garden coffee stall. Among those who had accepted invitations to the dinner were the Lord Chancellor, who just before the dinner began explained by letter that "a most critical meeting of Ministers is being held, which it is indispensable I should attend." This was read with becoming solemnity by the chairman, who, however, was able to announce that he had just received a telephone message to the effect that Viscount Birkenhead hoped to arrive at half-past nine. Somewhat after the time indicated he took his place beside the chairman, and in reply to the toast of his health made a brilliantly witty speech, in which, turning to account a remark on the name of Smith, he gave an amusing dissertation on the advantages of possessing that surname.

Mr. Henry Arthur Jones, in proposing the toast of "Our Guests of Honour," said they were deeply indebted to the Lord Chancellor for having, under the stress of most important business, come to honour them and throw the cloak of his authority over their anomalous proceedings. (Laughter.) Sometimes he felt he was hardly qualified to sustain the dignity of being their president, but no such doubts assailed him in the duty he was to perform, for who could be competent or eminently fitted to propose the health of a Smith as a Jones? (Laughter.) He could estimate the magnitude of the achievement by which Lord Birkenhead had escaped from the disabilities of his surname. (Laughter.) For more than forty years he (Mr. Jones) had been trying to reform the English drama, and he was convinced it was his surname which had kept him from performing that gigantic task. (Laughter.)

Viscount Birkenhead, who was heartily cheered on rising, said it was a matter of very considerable disappointment to him that he was not able to be present at the dinner. "In the days in which we live," he added, "and in the degree of public contempt, which I am daily informed by many organs of the Press, the Government exists, I count myself most fortunate to be asked to dine at other people's expense in any respectable company at all. (Laughter.) The name of your club somewhat paradoxically illustrates the nature of to-night's festivity. Your meeting at dinner is almost as dishonest as the Coalition. (Laughter.) A somewhat interesting coincidence has been supplied by the name of Smith being proposed by one who bears the comparatively honoured name of Jones. (Laughter.) I do not pretend to believe that the name of Jones has, in the history of this country, or even in the history of Wales, played a part comparable with the number of persons who bear it. (Laughter.) How many famous Joneses have there been in the history of the world? But it is a positive advantage to bear the name of Smith. In everything which counts for distinction, power, and capacity to contribute to the agreeable, helpful, and majestic activities of our national life there is no name in the land which stands so high and unchallenged as the name of Smith. (Laughter.) We Smiths hold our heads high, and we are entitled to hold our heads high if we are fortunate enough to have blood run through our veins which has not been debased by alien or inferior admixture. We are descended from swarthy and worthy men with masculine power attuned to a necessary and worthy trade, and we have inherited a virile strain in our blood. If I should attempt to exhaust the list of the incomparable Smiths who have enriched our national life I should exhaust your patience and the time, having regard to three further political engagements to-night, which I have at my disposal. We who are Smiths reject absolutely from our company anyone who has tackled on a double name. Anyone who bears the name of Smith and debases that name by a hyphen, however short the connecting name may be, has parted from the company of the immortal, and no longer belongs to the glorious family, incomparably the greatest family in the Empire. (Laughter.)

"FOURTH AMONG THE HALF-WITS."

"I do not know," Lord Birkenhead proceeded, "that it is at all likely that I shall be Prime Minister. (Laughter.) So far as I can discover—and I read each day the Morning Post, the Daily Mail, and other papers—I am counted to be about fourth among the half-wits who are engaged in dissipating and destroying the resources and the strength of the British Empire and in treacherously attempting by subterranean methods to destroy the Unionist party. (Laughter.) Of course, one is a very bad judge in one's own case, and all one can do is to take note of the distinguished men who are making these criticisms. (Laughter.) One cannot measure them exactly, because they are mostly anonymous, and one never quite knows what they are to write about and how long it will last. (Laughter.) They completely disregard and wipe out anything that has happened before, and therefore stand here to-night as one who is quite prepared to admit that there are men in this country of supreme and transcendental genius, unhappily not engaged in politics, but happily very conscious of the defects of those who are. Day by day and week by week, having no responsibility of any kind, they set themselves to abuse and disparage every Government which is in power; and if they can destroy this Government, as it is very likely with the assistance of our own excellent friends, they may, then, they may set themselves to create a new Government, which they can equally destroy. (Continued on page of next column.)

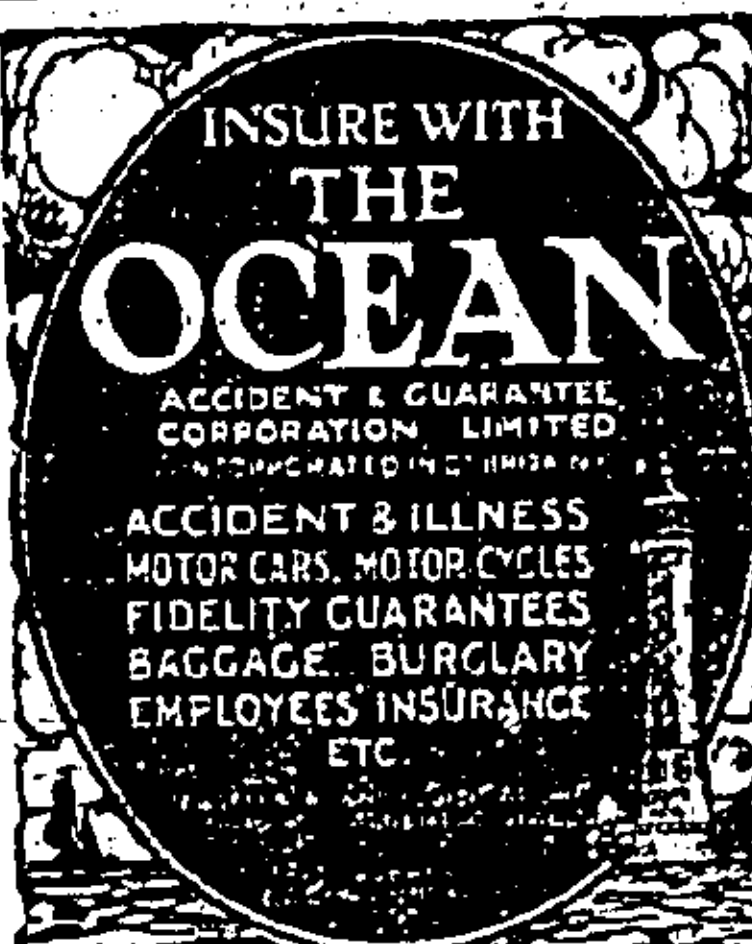
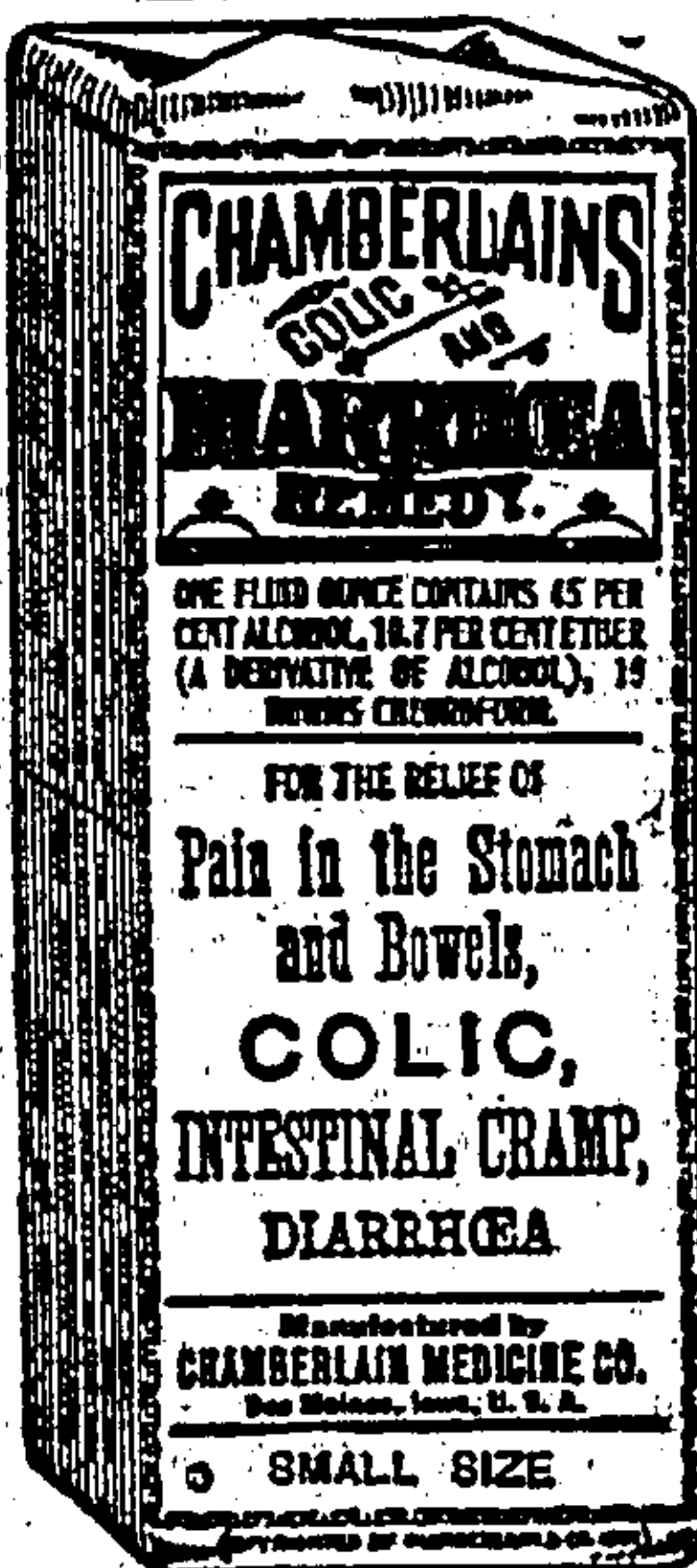
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LOST—One Yellow Haired CHOW DOG, full grown, answer to name of "CASTOR," last seen on Sunday Noon, 25th November, on May Road, no collar. Finder will be Rewarded. Return to E. C. HAGG, c/o Butterfield & Swire. [175]

TO BE LET—GODOWN—Spacious Two storied Godown, situated on the Praya near Bowington Canal and containing approximately 5,000 square feet on each floor. To be let to the end of the year—Apply 24, office of this paper. [124]

Proceeding, the Lord Chancellor said that if he were Prime Minister he would say that it would be entirely appropriate that the chairman, as he regarded the name of "Jones" as a stigma, should undoubtedly have a poenge. He was going back to the Prime Minister's house, and he would say to him that the greatest living writer of the Welsh name of Jones felt that it was due to him, that it was due to Wales, and that it was due to the Prime Minister, that he should immediately change his name. (Laughter.) He could not tell how the Prime Minister would receive that, but he would put it before Mr. Lloyd George that night very faithfully. (Laughter and cheers.)

WORLD THEATRE

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5.15 and 9.15 P.M.

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Topical Budget 587.

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SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

December 5th.
Derwent, British str., 1,562 tons, Capt. O. B. Bonstead, from Saigon, with rice—Thai Thuan.
Hornbush Maru, Japanese str., 1,897 tons, Capt. I. Utsu, from Dairen, with coal—Mitsui & Co.
Hirano Maru, Japanese str., 177 tons, Capt. A. Maraschini, from Pakhoi, with a general cargo—Sing Kee.
Karmala, British str., 5,687 tons, Capt. G. E. Butler, from Shanghai, with a general cargo—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.
Laitang, British str., 2,294 tons, Capt. H. E. Gilroy, from Singapore, with a general cargo—J. M. & Co.
Narung, British str., 2,898 tons, Capt. A. D. Hopkirk, from Hoibow, with a general cargo—Nemaze.
Sinkang, British str., 1,616 tons, Capt. C. W. Plunkett Cole, from Shanghai, with a general cargo—B. & S.
Wosung, British str., 1,728 tons, Capt. T. S. King, from Shanghai, with a general cargo—J. M. & Co.

CLEARANCES.

December 5th.
Achilles, for Kutchinotai.
Ah Pit Tai, for K. C. Wan.
Huiching, for Swatow.
Kurnali, for Singapore.
Kwai Wah, for Tourane.
Kwangchow, for Swatow.
Nam Wah, for Hoibow.
President Wilson, for Shanghai.
Prominent, for Saigon.
Seattle Maru, for Saigon.
Sinkang, for Canton.
Sui Yik, for Shanghai.
Wosung, for Canton.

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS.

The P. & O. s.s. *Mantua* arrived at London on December 2nd.
The N.Y.K. s.s. *Nagato Maru* (Hombay line) left Kobe for Hongkong via Moji on December 2nd, and is expected here on December 6th.
The E. & A. Co.'s s.s. *Araura* left Manila for this port on December 5th, a.m., with the outward Australian mails, and is due here on December 7th, at about 9 a.m.

VESSELS EXPECTED.

Araura (E. & A.), due Dec. 8th.
C. of Dunkirk (Bank Line), due Dec. 29th.
City of York (Bank Line), due Dec. 21st.
Diomed (Blue Funnel), due Dec. 23rd.
Empress of Australia, due Dec. 14th.
Hakozaki Maru (N.Y.K.), due Dec. 8th.
Kamo Maru (N.Y.K.), due to-day.
Keemun (Blue Funnel), due Dec. 22nd.
Matsuyama Maru (N.Y.K.), due Dec. 7th.
Menor (Blue Funnel), due to-day.
President Lincoln (P.M.), due Dec. 23rd.
President Taft (P.M.), due Dec. 19th.
Sicilia (P. & O.), due Dec. 7th, 6 a.m.
Tamba Maru (N.Y.K.), due Dec. 14th.
Thesus (Blue Funnel), due Dec. 28th.
Tokushima Maru (N.Y.K.), due Dec. 8th.
Tota Maru (N.Y.K.), due Dec. 10th.
Yoshino Maru (N.Y.K.), due Dec. 14th.

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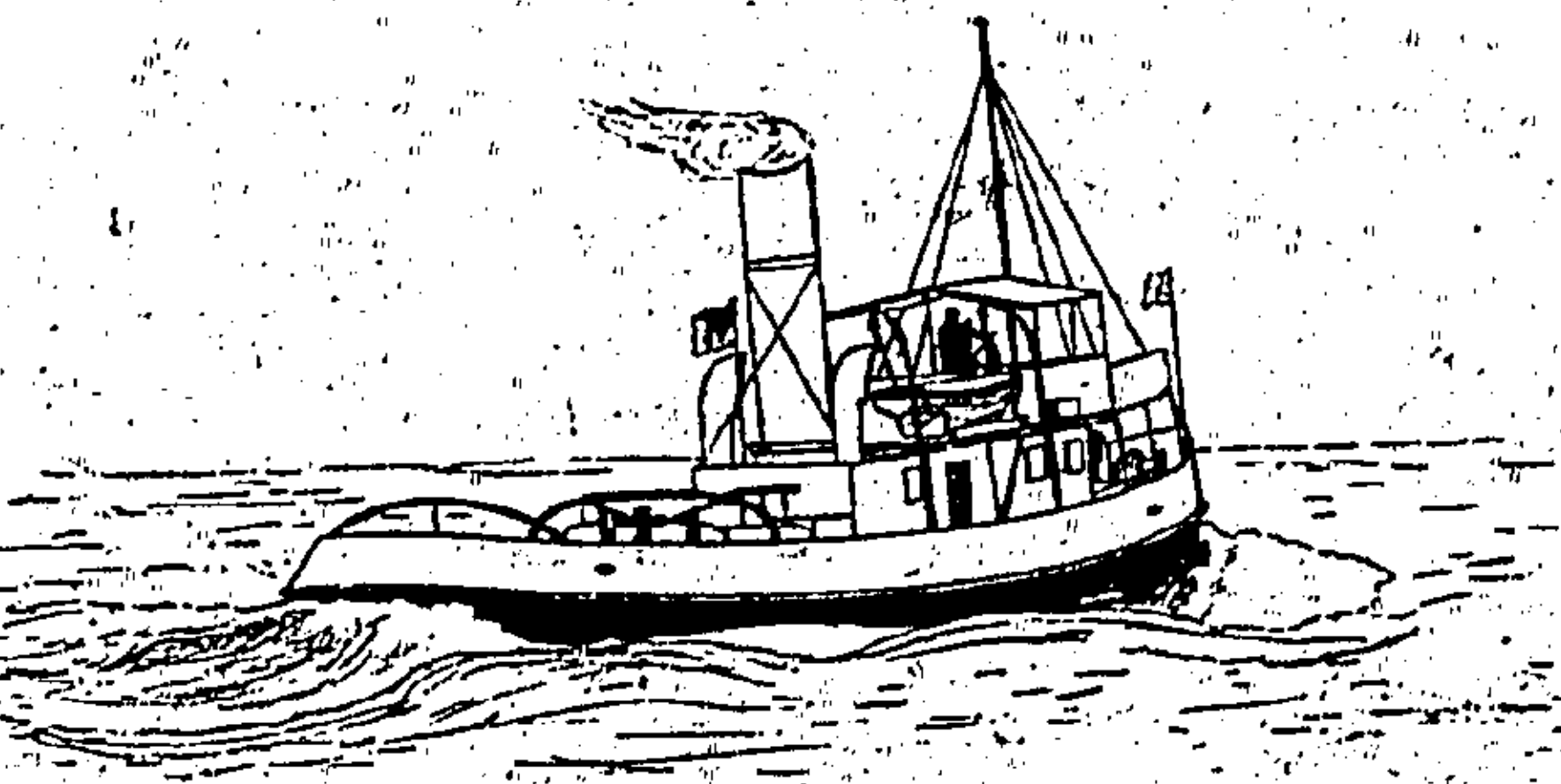
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B.I. VESSEL "DOMALA" ARRIVES IN CALCUTTA.

The first London-Calcutta run of the new B.I.S.N. motor-ship *Domala* was entirely satisfactory. Chief Engineer Robertson told *The Englishman*. The *Domala*, arriving as the forerunner of a fleet of five more B.I. motor-ships coming to India, is the first ship to carry the British-designed Diesel engine made by the North British Diesel Engine Co. of Glasgow. Other ships have carried British-made oil engines, but previous designs were based on the Danish Diesel.

The *Domala* was built to make the same speed as the M-type B.I. steamers, namely, about 12 knots, and she has been able to do it without effort on the trip out. The design is by no means perfect, said Mr. Robertson. A number of improvements have suggested themselves already. The motor-ship seems destined to become more and more popular as both cargo and passenger carrier. It costs less to operate than one propelled by steam and burning either coal or oil. The motor ship is cleaner than a coal burner, because there are no fumes or soot to worry the passengers. A larger skilled engine-room force, and a smaller unskilled crew takes care of the motor. The *Domala* carries ten engineers and two electricians, against eight men carried by a steamer of the same size. Only 21 Indian engineering crew are required, instead of 45 for a steamer.

The *Domala* has an elliptical funnel which is merely a piece of scenery to carry the two white stripes of the B.I.S.N. Danish motor ships have no funnels, and the *Domala*, which is so narrow that it can scarcely be seen by a person looking at it end on, is not essential. But we had to have it to put the white stripes on, said the chief engineer. A B.I. ship wouldn't go without the stripes. The *Domala* can carry enough fuel to make the trip out and return, but in order to have a reserve on hand, the ship bunkers at Aden coming and going.

WEATHER REPORT.

December 5th, at 2.10.—Warning to Hongkong, Coast Ports:—N.N.E. gale in Formosa Channel.
Dec. 5th, at 11.17.—Pressure has increased considerably over China and slightly over the Philippines. It has decreased very considerably over central and N.E. Japan.

A very strong anticyclone is central over the lower Yangtze Valley and a deep depression to the east of Tokyo.
Monsoon gales may be expected along the E. coast of China and over the N. China Sea.

Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. 5th Dec. 0.0 inch. Total since January 1st, 58.70 inches, against an average of 52.14 inches.

The forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon to-day is as follows:—

District	Forecast
Hongkong to CapRock	N.E. winds, strong; fair.
Formosa Channel	N.E. gale
South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamook	The same as No. 1.
South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan	The same as No. 1.

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ANDRE LEBON	14th Nov.	10th Dec.	8th Jan., 1923.
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CORDILLERE	1st Dec.	5th Jan.	6th Feb., "
ANGKOR	15th Dec.	19th Jan.	20th Feb., "
ANGERS	29th Dec.	2nd Feb.	6th March, "

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY, IN FORCE FOR THE PRESENT, TO MARSEILLES.

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 HAIPHONG ... Capt. J. B. Thomson ... Friday, 15th Dec., at 1 p.m.

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Ship	Tonnage	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"KARMAIA"	3,000	5th Dec. 11 a.m.	Bombay, Mar. L'don. & A'warp.
"SICILIA"	4,700	19th Dec.	Swatow, Amoy, Hongkong, Bombay
"KASHGAR"	3,000	27th Dec.	Bombay, Mar. L'don. & A'warp.
"PLASSY"	7,500	10th Jan., 1923	Marseilles, London & Antwerp.
"BARDINTA"	4,500	24th Jan.	do.
"NELORE"	4,500	7th Feb.	do.
"DELTA"	8,000	7th Feb.	do.
"KHIVA"	3,000	21st Feb.	do.
"MOYRA"	11,800	7th Mar.	Bombay, Mar. L'don. & A'warp.
"KAREMIR"	8,200	21st Mar.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp.
"DONGOLA"	3,000	18th Apr.	do.
"NARKIT"	7,000	3rd May	do.
"KARMAIA"	3,000	16th May	do.
"KASHGAR"	3,000	16th May	do.
"NYANZA"	7,000	30th May	do.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

"TORILLA"	5,500	22nd Dec.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
"JAPAN"	6,000	31st Dec.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

"ARAFURA"	6,000	3rd Jan.	Manila, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney & Melbourne.
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 The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal. (San Francisco, etc.)
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 The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southsupton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILING TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

"SICILIA"	4,700	8th Dec. noon	Shanghai.
"ARAFURA"	6,000	9th Dec.	Yokohama direct.
"JAPAN"	6,000	10th Dec.	Japan.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

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SWATOW & AMOY	On 8th Dec. 10 a.m.	On 8th Dec. 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	On 10th Dec. 10 a.m.	On 10th Dec. 10 a.m.
SWATOW & AMOY	On 10th Dec. 10 a.m.	On 10th Dec. 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	On 12th Dec. 10 a.m.	On 12th Dec. 10 a.m.
SWATOW & AMOY	On 12th Dec. 10 a.m.	On 12th Dec. 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	On 14th Dec. 10 a.m.	On 14th Dec. 10 a.m.
SWATOW & AMOY	On 14th Dec. 10 a.m.	On 14th Dec. 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	On 16th Dec. 10 a.m.	On 16th Dec. 10 a.m.
SWATOW & AMOY	On 16th Dec. 10 a.m.	On 16th Dec. 10 a.m.

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This Steamer is fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice Fresh Provisions, etc., and has superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State Rooms. A fully qualified Doctor is carried. Cargo taken through to all Australian, New Zealand & Tasmanian Ports.
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This steamer proceeds homeward via Manila and thence direct to Shanghai and usual ports.

Sailings and Fares Subject to change without Notice.

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S.S. "HENRY" ... Feb. 6th, 1923.

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